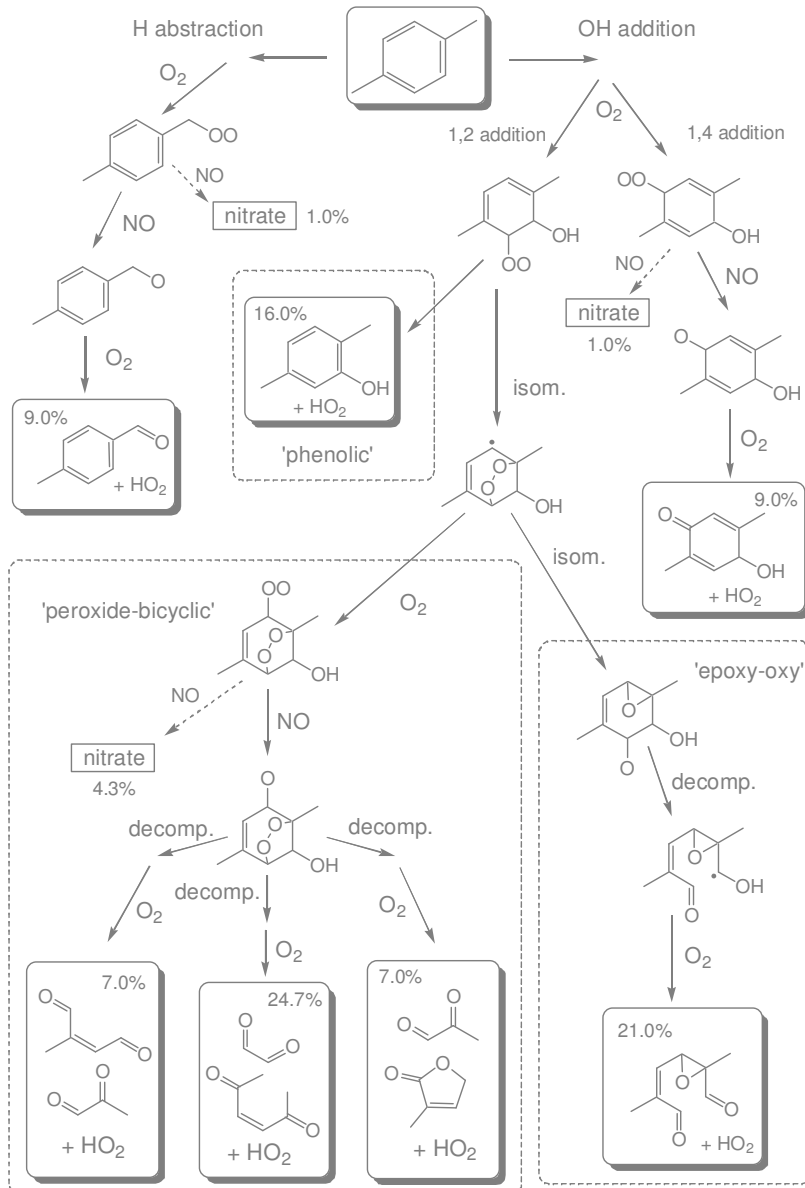


Comparison of Photochemical Mechanisms used in Mesoscale Models



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Scope of Presentation

- Introduction and Background
- VOC Speciation
- Photolysis Rates
- Comparison of Mechanisms
- Improvements to Mechanisms

Acknowledgements

- EMEP
- David Simpson and Robert Bergström
- Mike Jenkin
- Dick Derwent
- Neil Passant and Tim Murrells

Project Background and Objectives

- *EMEP unified model widely used for air pollution policy development in UN ECE and EU*
- *EMEP unified model available to the community*
- *Single photochemical mechanism currently used in the EMEP unified model*
- *Opportunity to update the chemistry in the model*
- *Project Objectives*
 - *to implement a number of other mechanisms into the EMEP unified model*
 - *to compare the performance of the different photochemical mechanisms*
 - *to submit a paper on the comparison*

Related activities

- Ozone in the UK (AQEG, 2009) ✓
 - *Many of the photochemical mechanisms currently used in ozone policy models have not been compared to environmental chamber data*
- Defra Review of Ozone Modelling (2007) – Recommendations on Chemical Mechanisms:
 - *to support models which use chemical schemes, tested for ozone, such as the MCM or CBM-IV (R2.1) ✓*
 - *to explore the use of surrogate schemes which have a firm basis in explicit chemistry such as CRI and which have been tested by comparison with experimental data (R2.1) ✓*
 - *to use models with chemical schemes that allow robust coupling between the speciation in the emission inventories and the chemical scheme (R2.2) ✓*

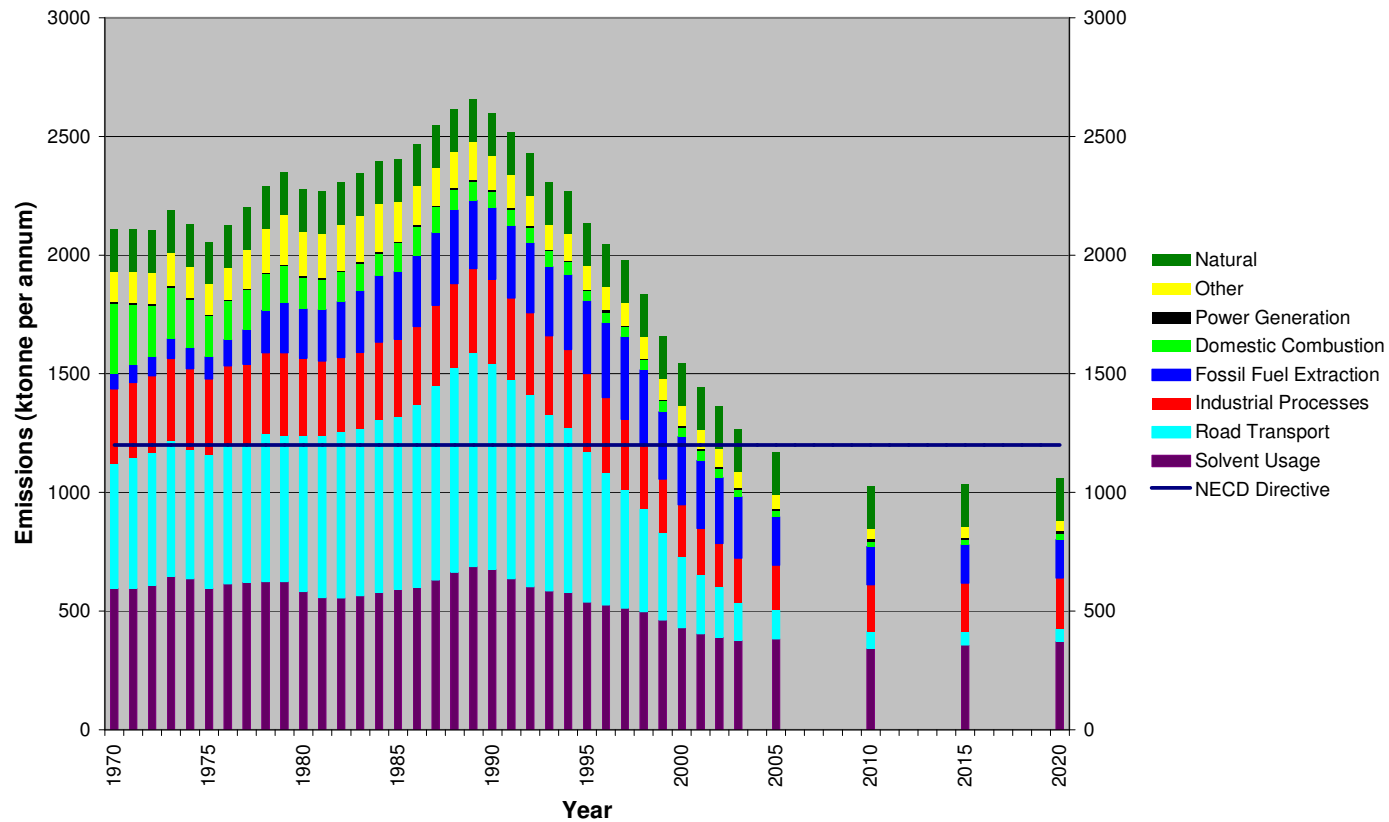
Photochemical Mechanisms

- Some of the photochemical mechanisms currently used in mesoscale chemical-transport models

	<i>Total VOC</i>	<i>Biogenic VOC</i>	<i>Chamber</i>
<i>CBM-IV</i>	<i>10*</i>	<i>1</i>	✓
<i>CB05</i>	<i>16*</i>	<i>2</i>	✓
<i>EMEP</i>	<i>10</i>	<i>1</i>	
<i>CHIMERE-MELCHIOR</i>	<i>13</i>	<i>1</i>	
<i>OSRM</i>	<i>15</i>	<i>1</i>	
<i>SAPRC</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>-</i>	✓
<i>CRI v2.0</i>	<i>116</i>	<i>3</i>	✓
<i>MCM v3.1</i>	<i>135</i>	<i>3</i>	✓

() including non-reactive*

VOC Speciation

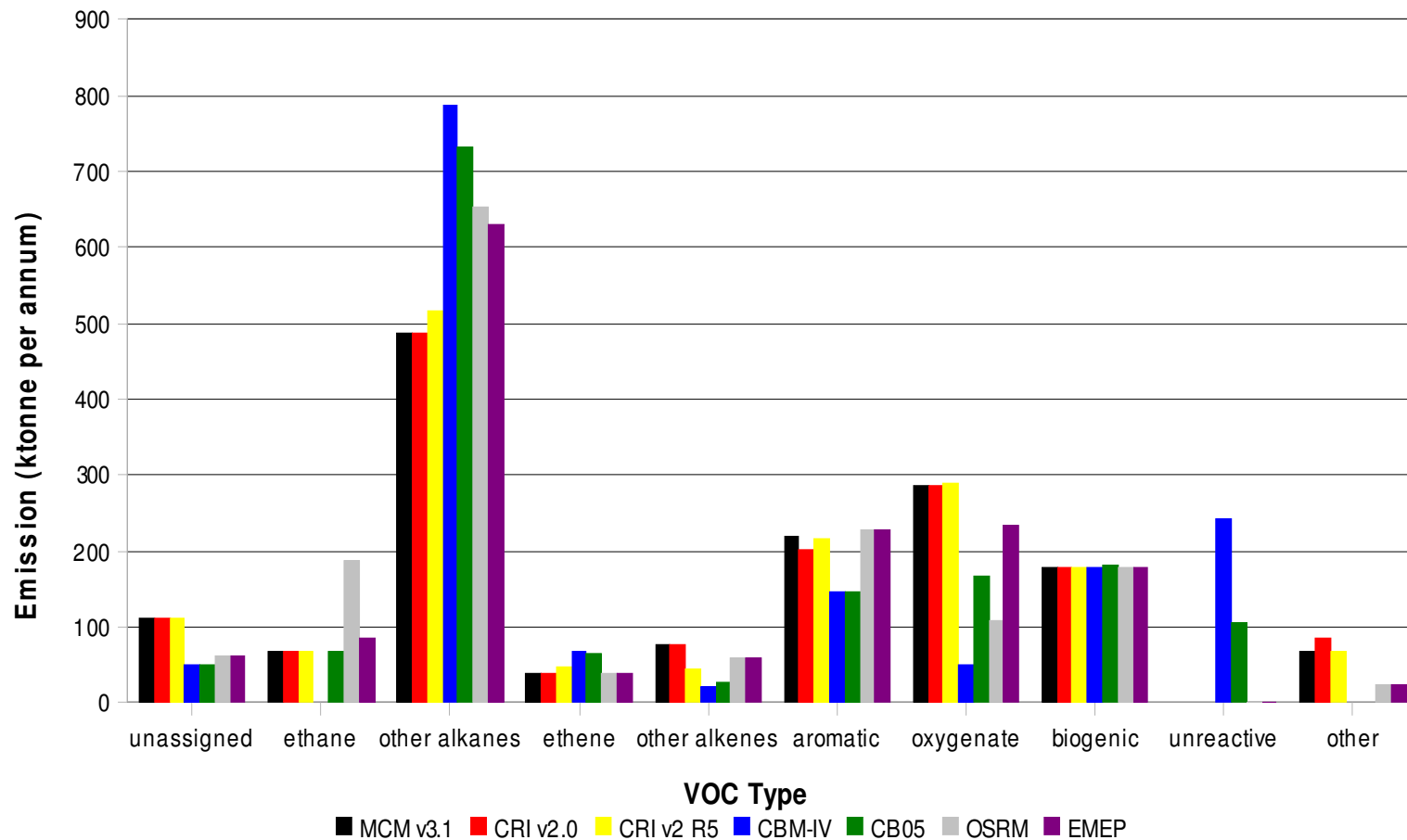


- UK inventory (2002) contained emissions of 664 VOCs from 249 source sectors

VOC Speciation: Assignment

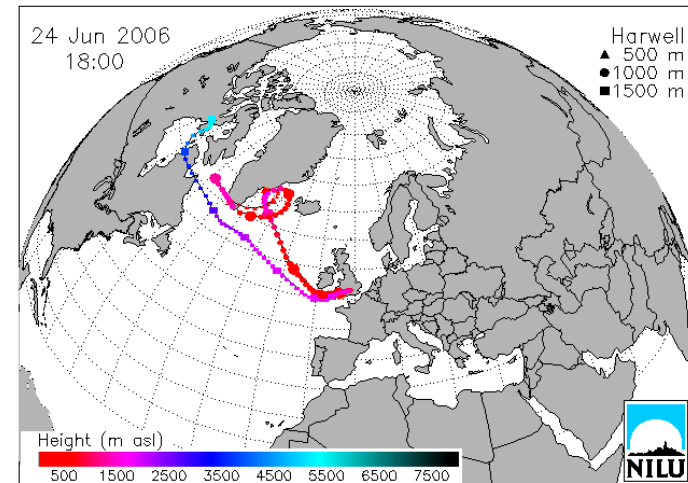
- **CRI/MCM/OSRM/EMEP**
 - *Straightforward for VOCs (and isomers) common to inventory and chemical mechanism (e.g., alkanes) ✓*
 - *Other VOCs assigned on basis of structure and reactivity*
 - *Sulphur- and nitrogen-containing VOCs not assigned*
- **CBM and CB05**
 - *CBM-IV assignments from Harvey Jeffries (via Dick Derwent) ✓*
 - *CB05 assignments from report by Yarwood et al*
 - *Extended to other VOCs in inventory*
 - *Sulphur- and nitrogen-containing VOCs assigned*

VOC Speciation: Comparison

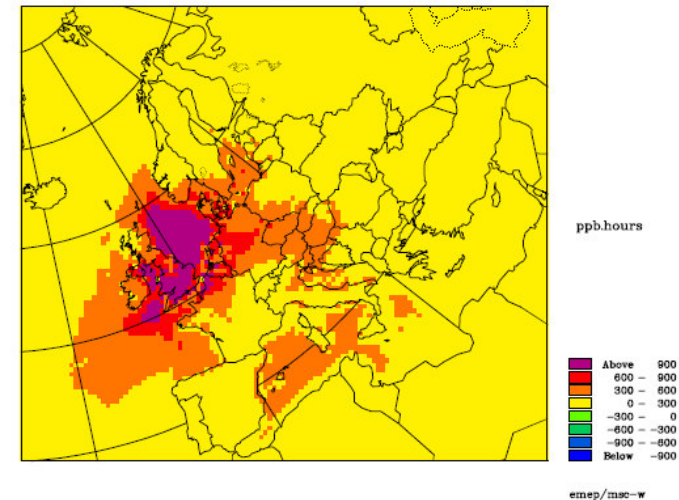


Comparison of Mechanisms

- Boundary-layer trajectory model
 - Based on UK PTM and OSRM
 - Global coverage
 - ‘Multiple’ trajectories
 - Capability to use 8 chemical mechanisms and 3 solvers
 - PM chemistry
- EMEP Unified model
 - Mesoscale Eulerian-grid model
 - Open source code
 - Code modified to use a number of chemical mechanisms: CBM-IV, CB05, OSRM, CRI v2.0 and CRI v2 R5



d AOT40f/d(CO+VOC+NH3) 2000
25% emis. red. from United Kingdom



Chemical Mechanisms 1

- Model can use 8 different chemical mechanisms:

	<i>Species</i>	<i>Reactions</i>
<i>CBM-IV</i>	38	95 (13) ✓
<i>CB05</i>	70	189 (27) ✓
<i>OSRM</i>	70	197 (25) ✓
<i>EMEP</i>	72	137 (26) ✓
<i>CRI v1</i>	270	633 (93) ✓
<i>CRI v2</i>	465	1202 (185) ✓
<i>CRI v2 R5</i>	195	569 (96) ✓
<i>MCM v3.1</i>	4644	13570 (2626) ✓

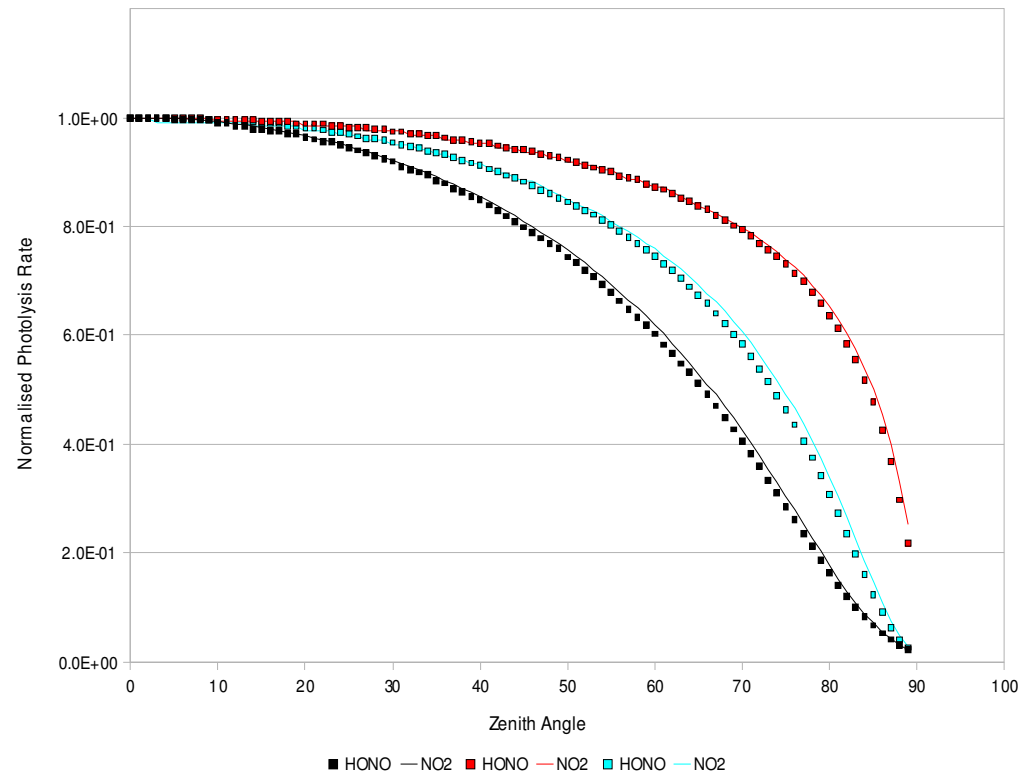
- Common source for VOC speciation

Chemical Mechanisms 2

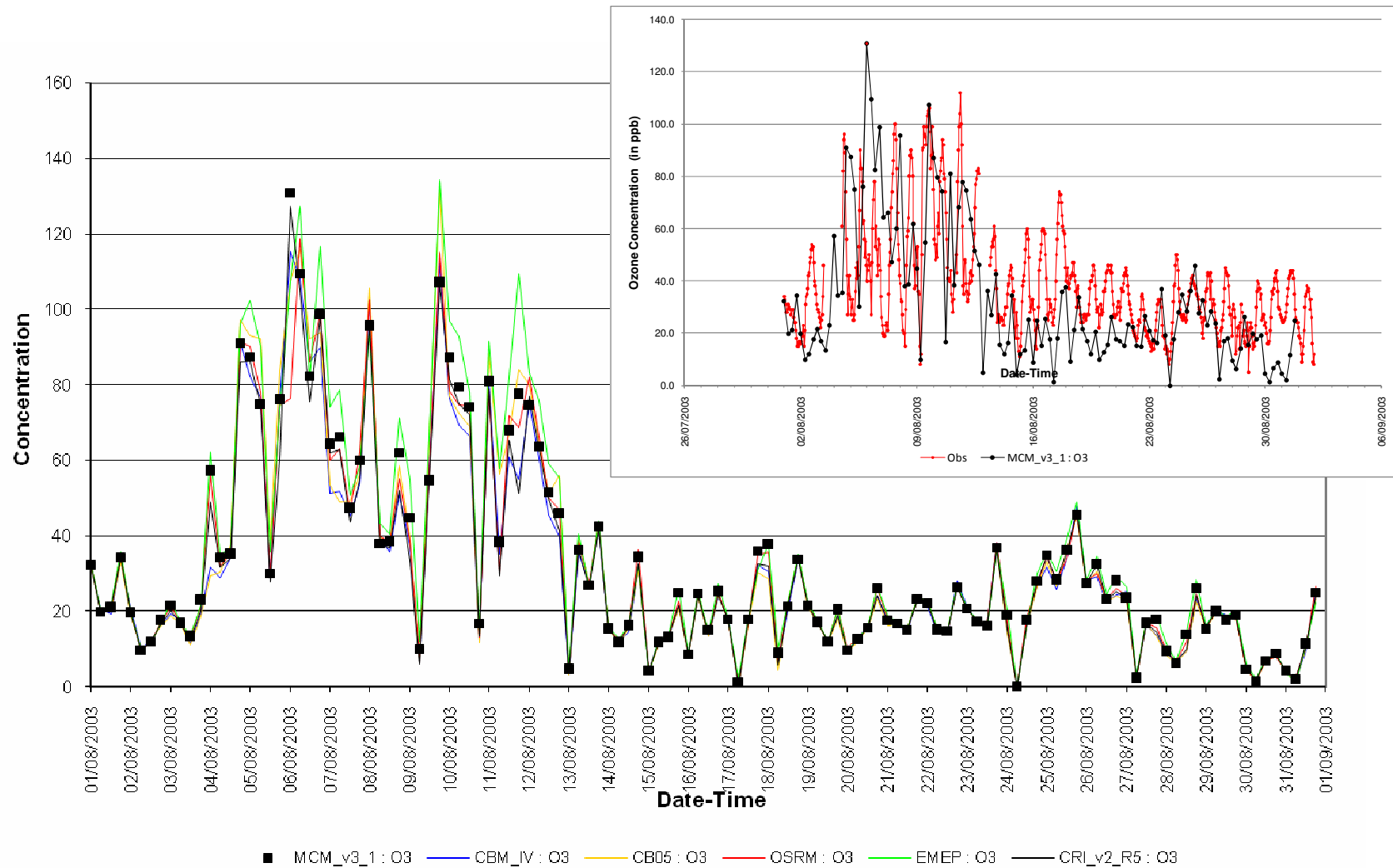
- Mechanisms use common set of parameters
 - *rate coefficients for the inorganic chemistry, 'generic' and 3rd-order reactions, as well as for many of the organic chemistry*
 - *photolysis rates*
 - *deposition velocities*
- Isoprene as common biogenic VOC
- Periods considered
 - *Trajectory model: August 2003, July 2005, June 2006*
 - *EMEP model: July 2005*

Photolysis

- EMEP model has 17 photolysis processes
- Other chemical mechanisms have additional photolysis processes
- Identified process and provided scaling factors
- Example shown for HONO (using NO_2)

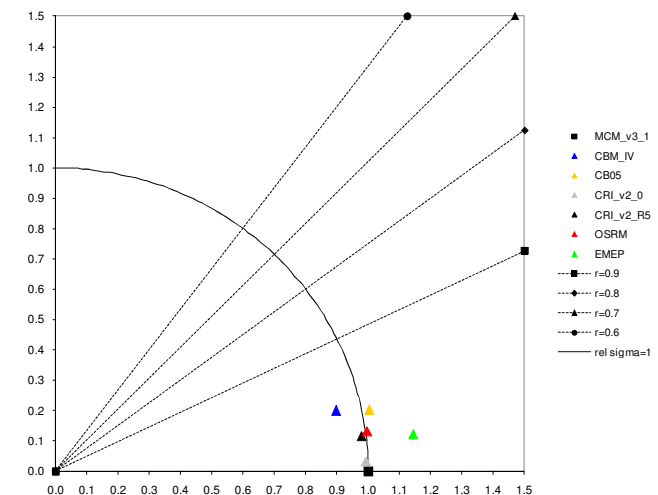
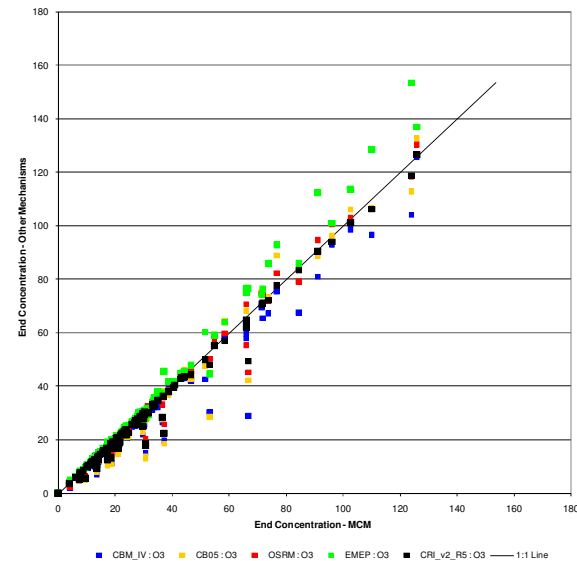


Harwell, August 2003: Ozone

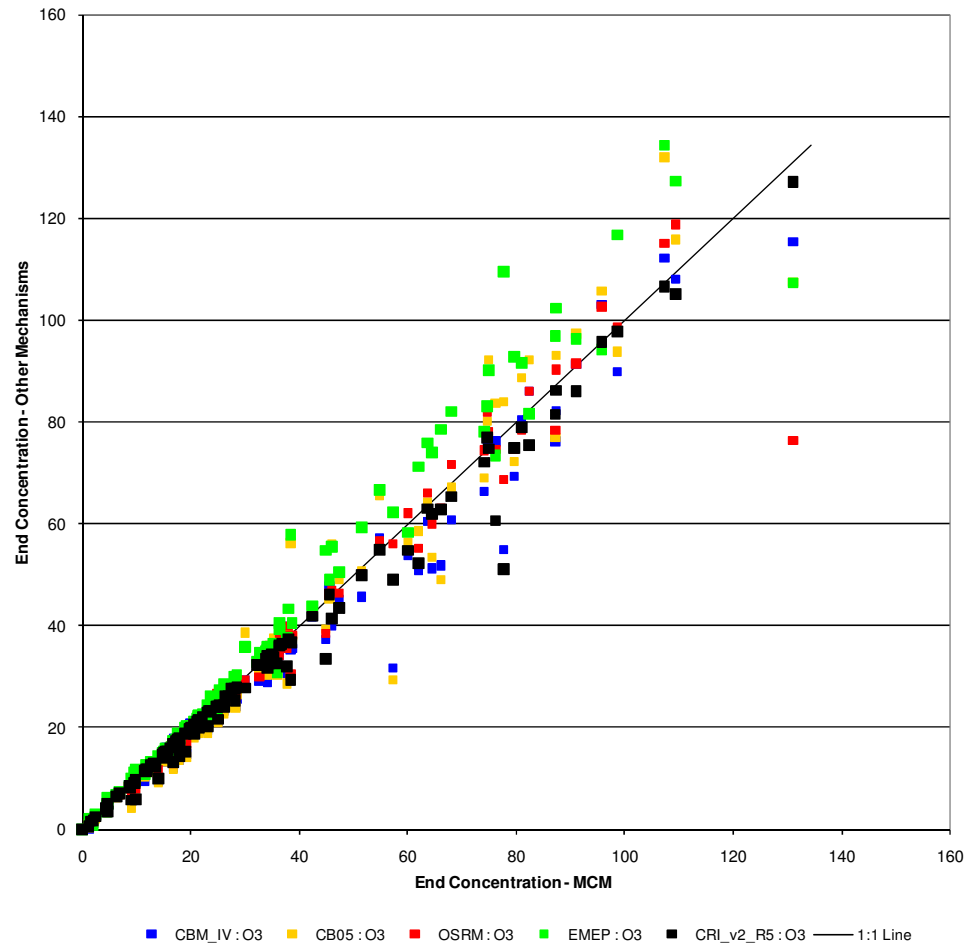


Analysis

- MCM v3.1 taken as reference mechanism
- Various statistical parameters derived
 - *mean and fractional biases*
 - *linear regression*
 - *Taylor plots*
- Analysis automated and results derived for many of the species

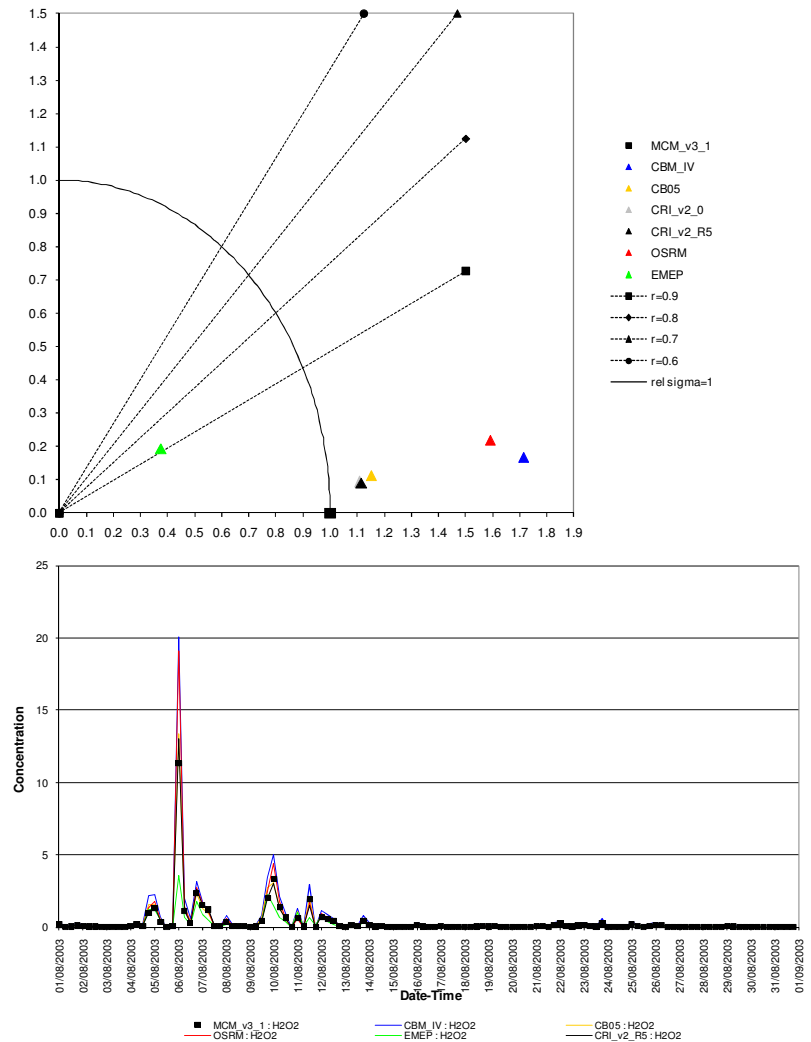
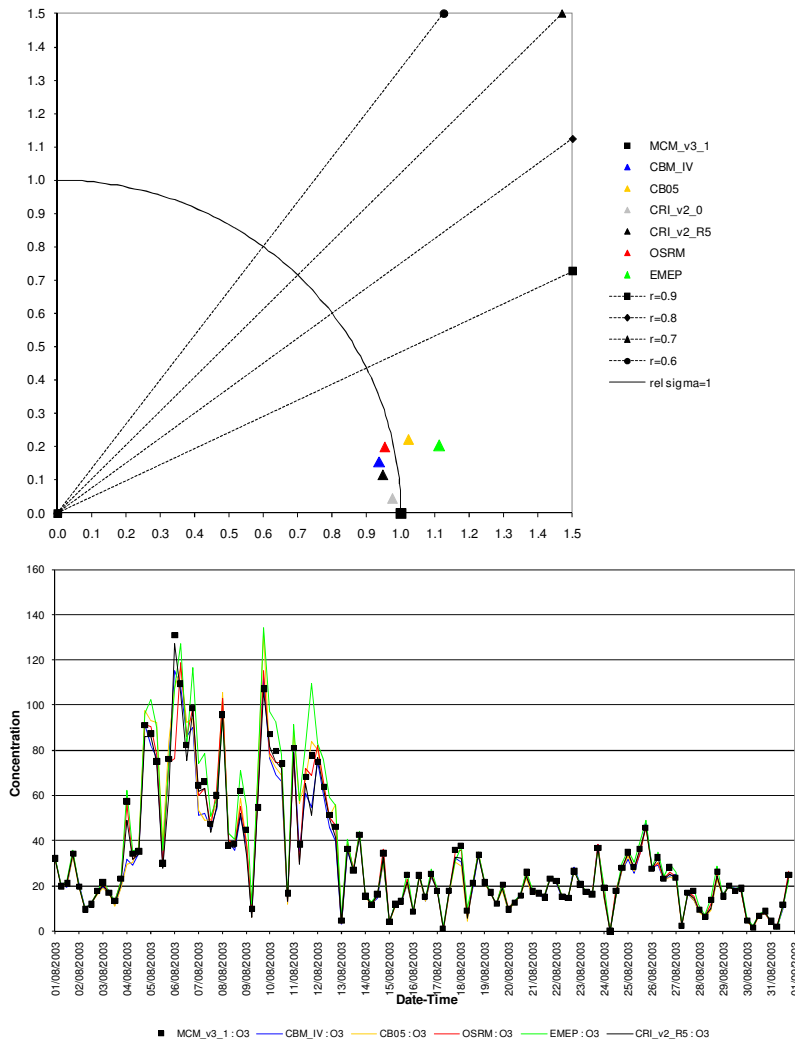


Comparison with MCM v3.1

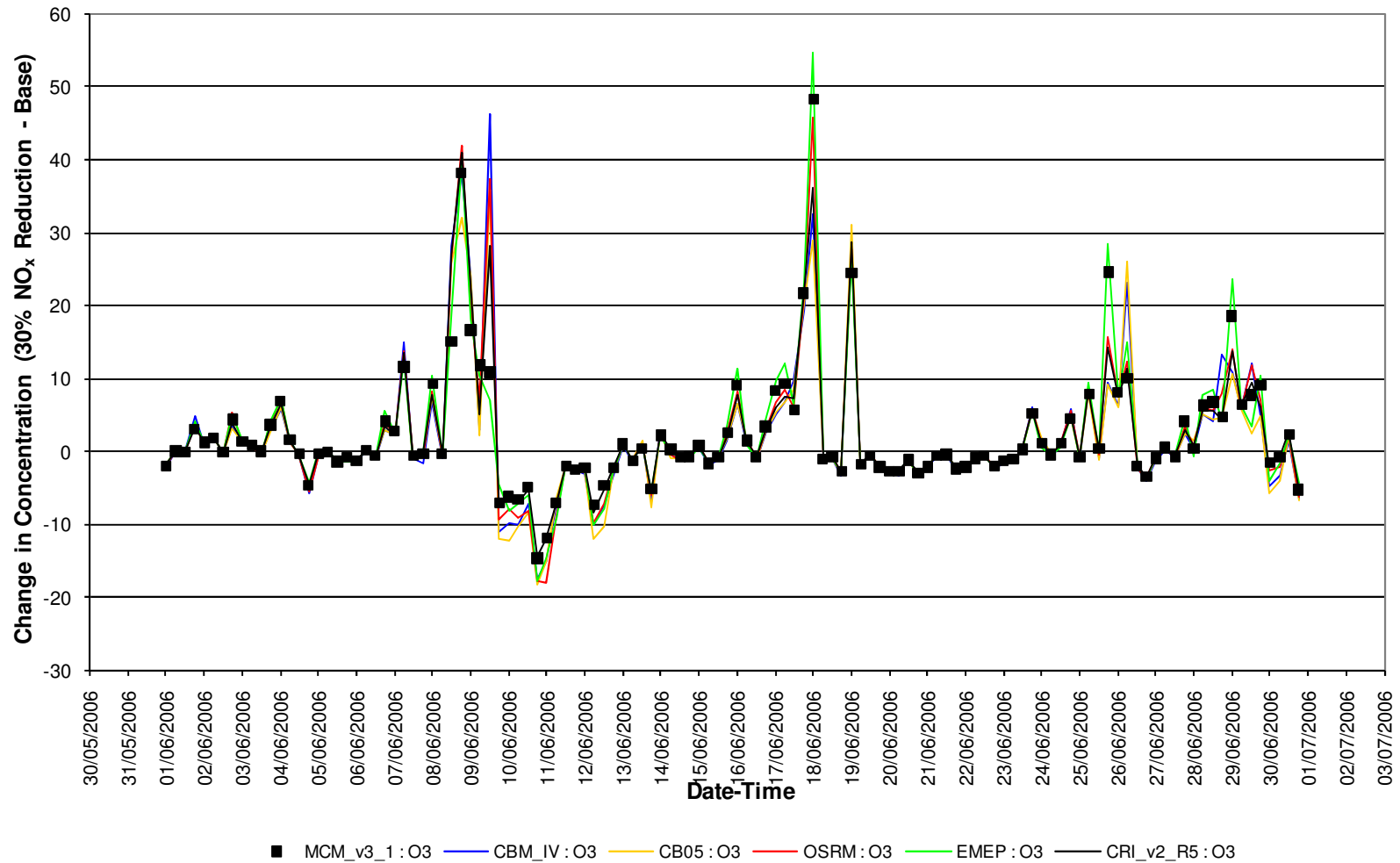


- All mechanisms give similar [O₃]
- CRI v2.0 developed by Mike Jenkin to replicate MCM
- CBM-IV slightly underpredicts compared to MCM
- CB05 now good agreement at low [O₃]
- EMEP overpredicts at higher [O₃]

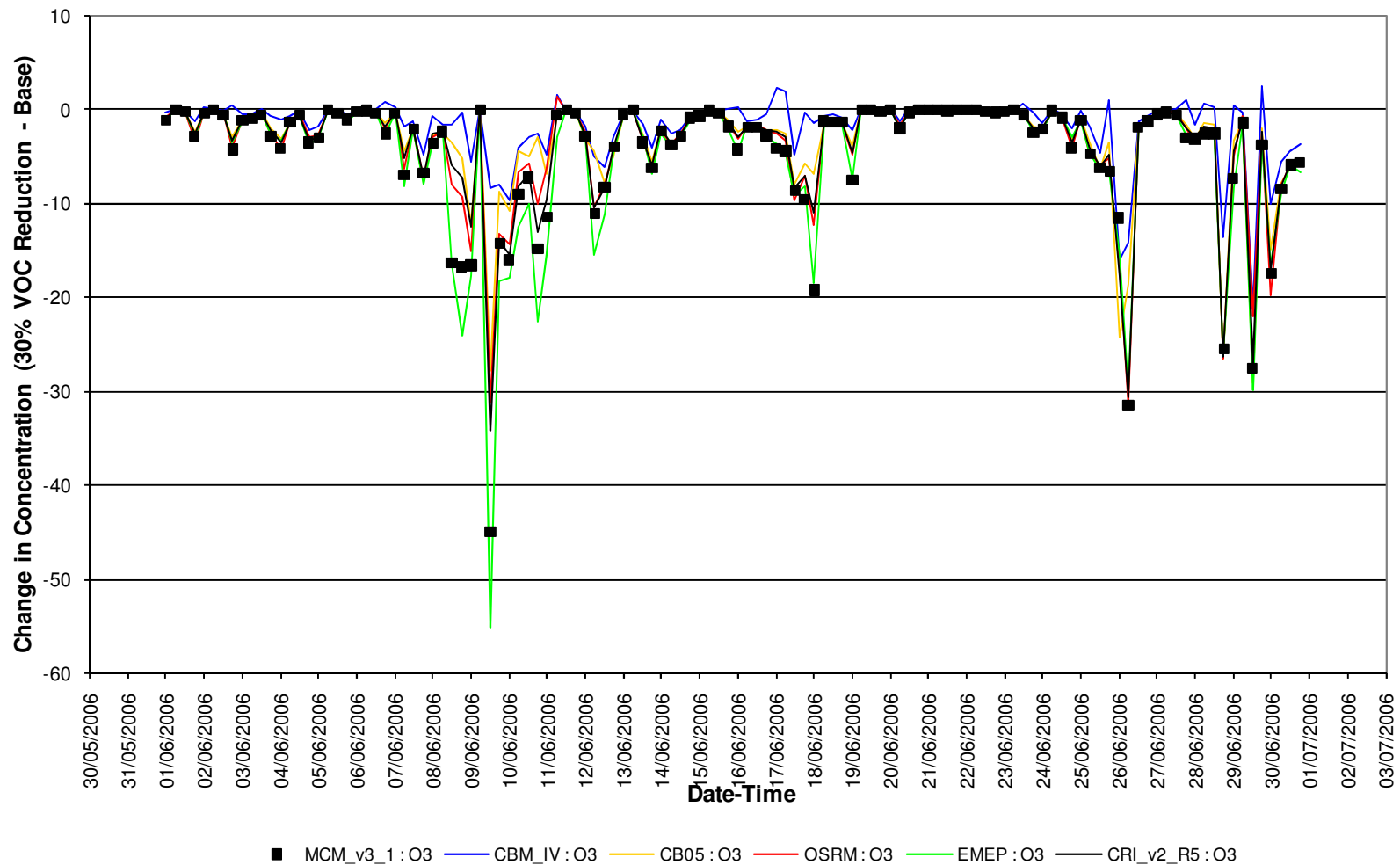
Taylor Plots: O₃ and H₂O₂



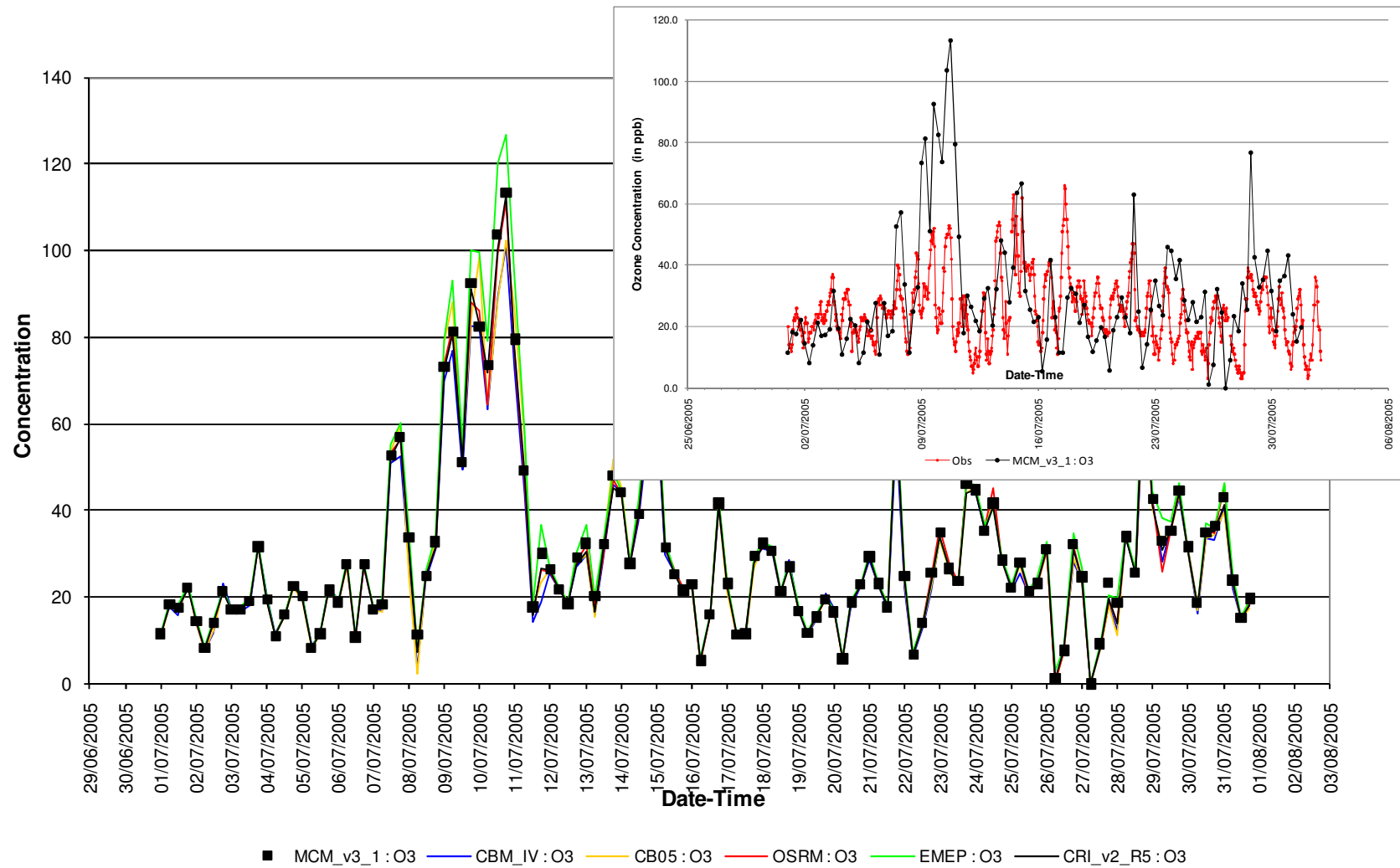
30% NO_x Emission Reduction



30% VOC Emission Reduction

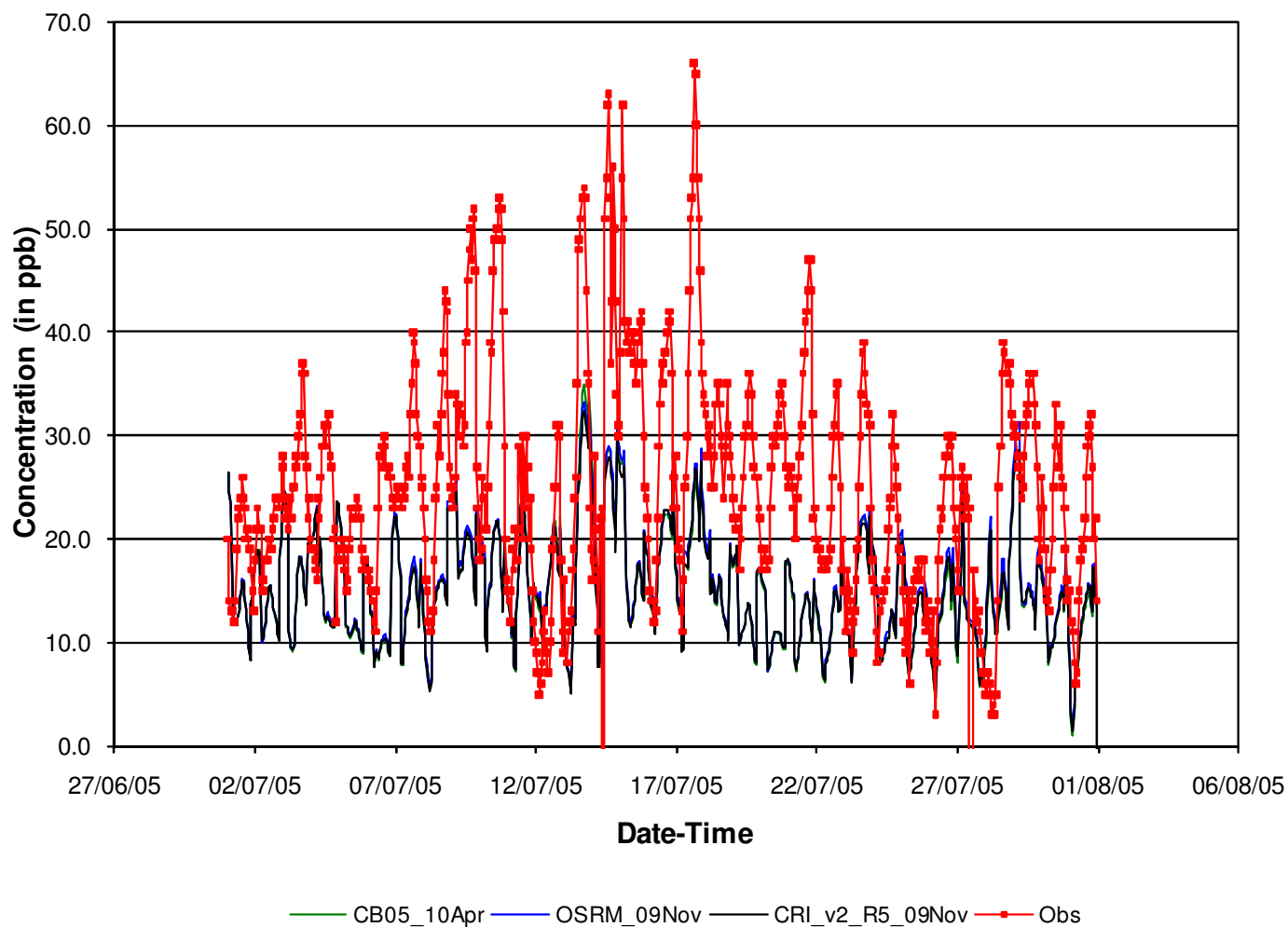


Harwell, July 2005: Ozone



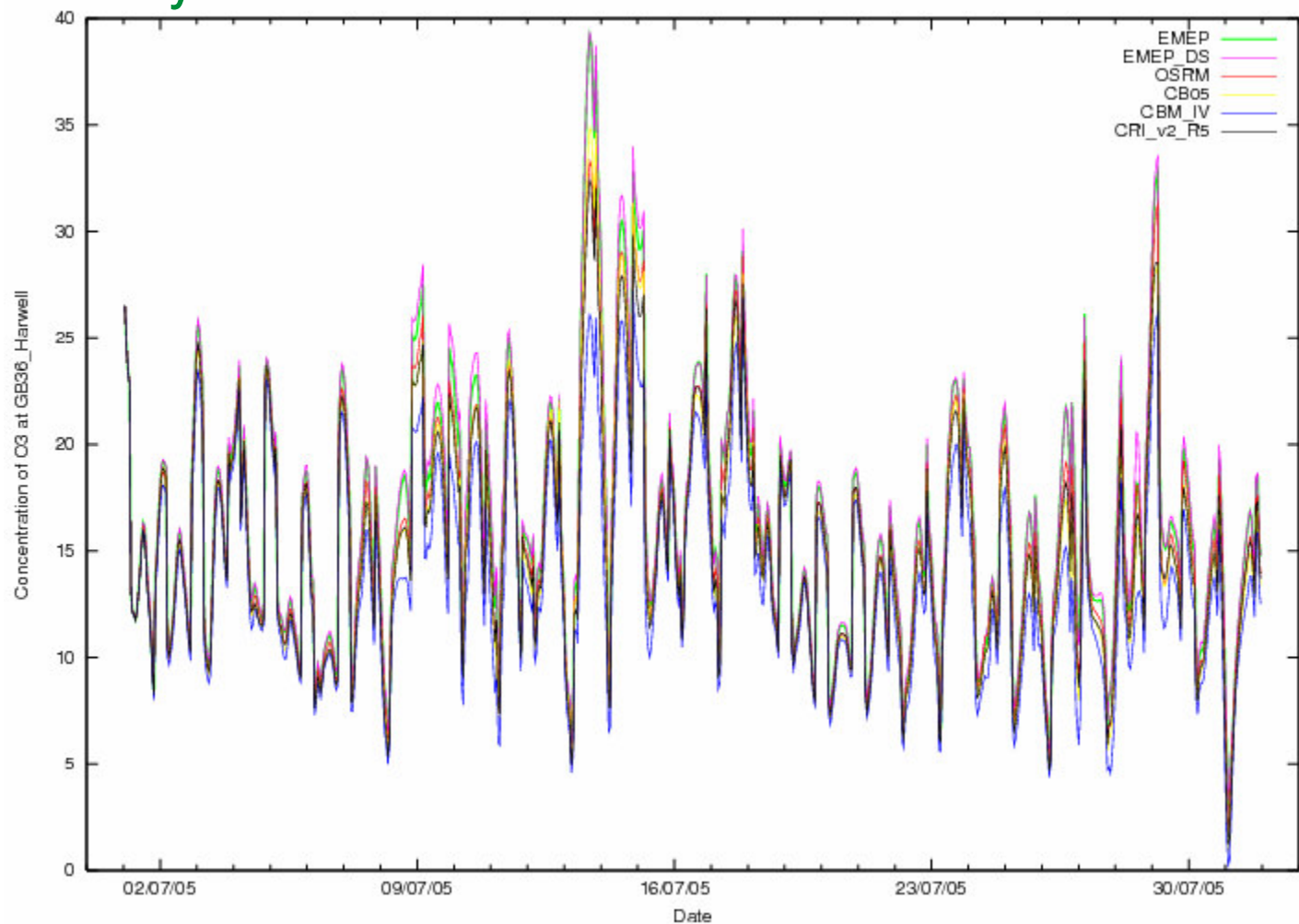
EMEP Model: Harwell, July 2005, O₃

Preliminary Results



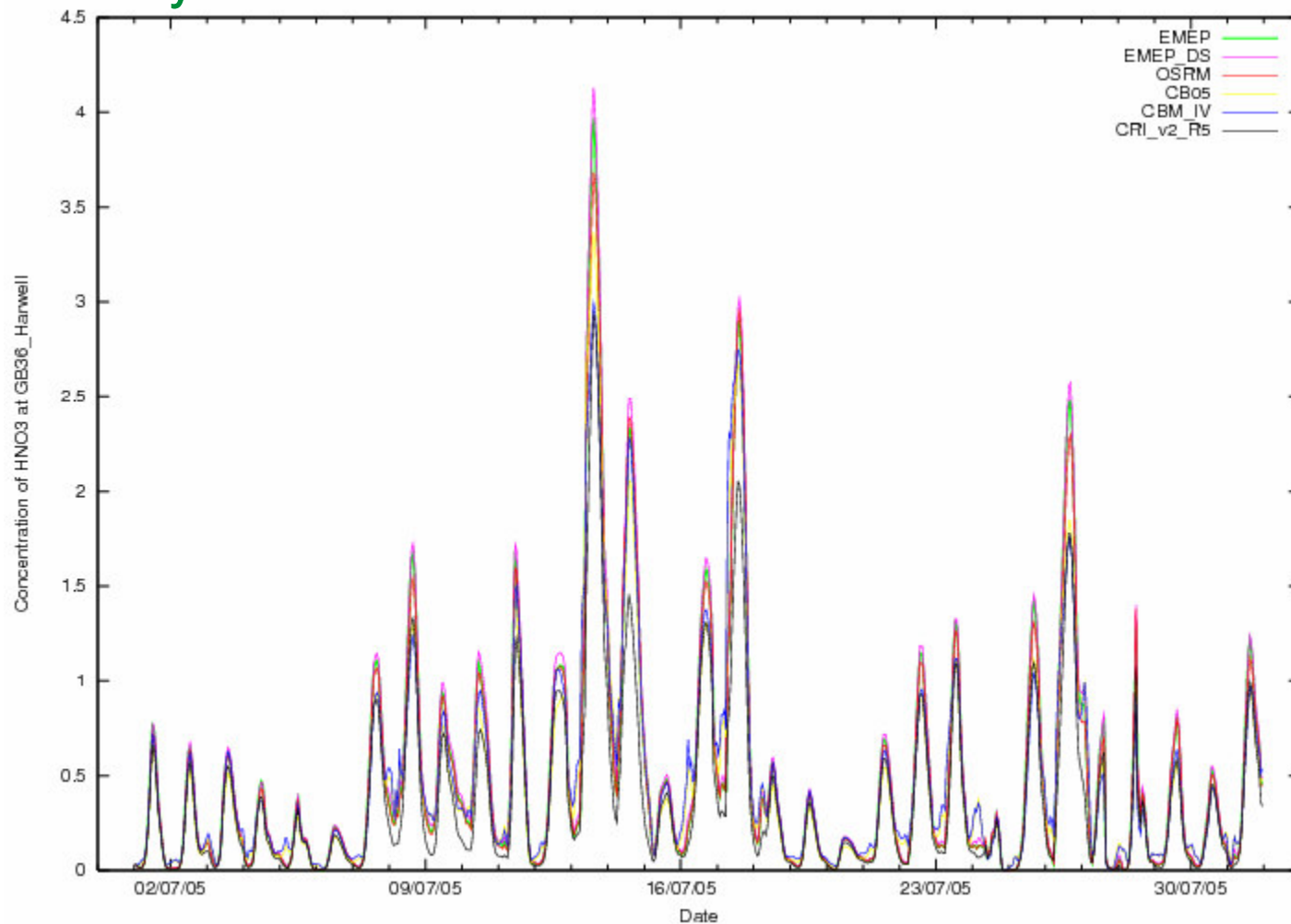
EMEP Model: Harwell, July 2005, Ozone

Preliminary Results



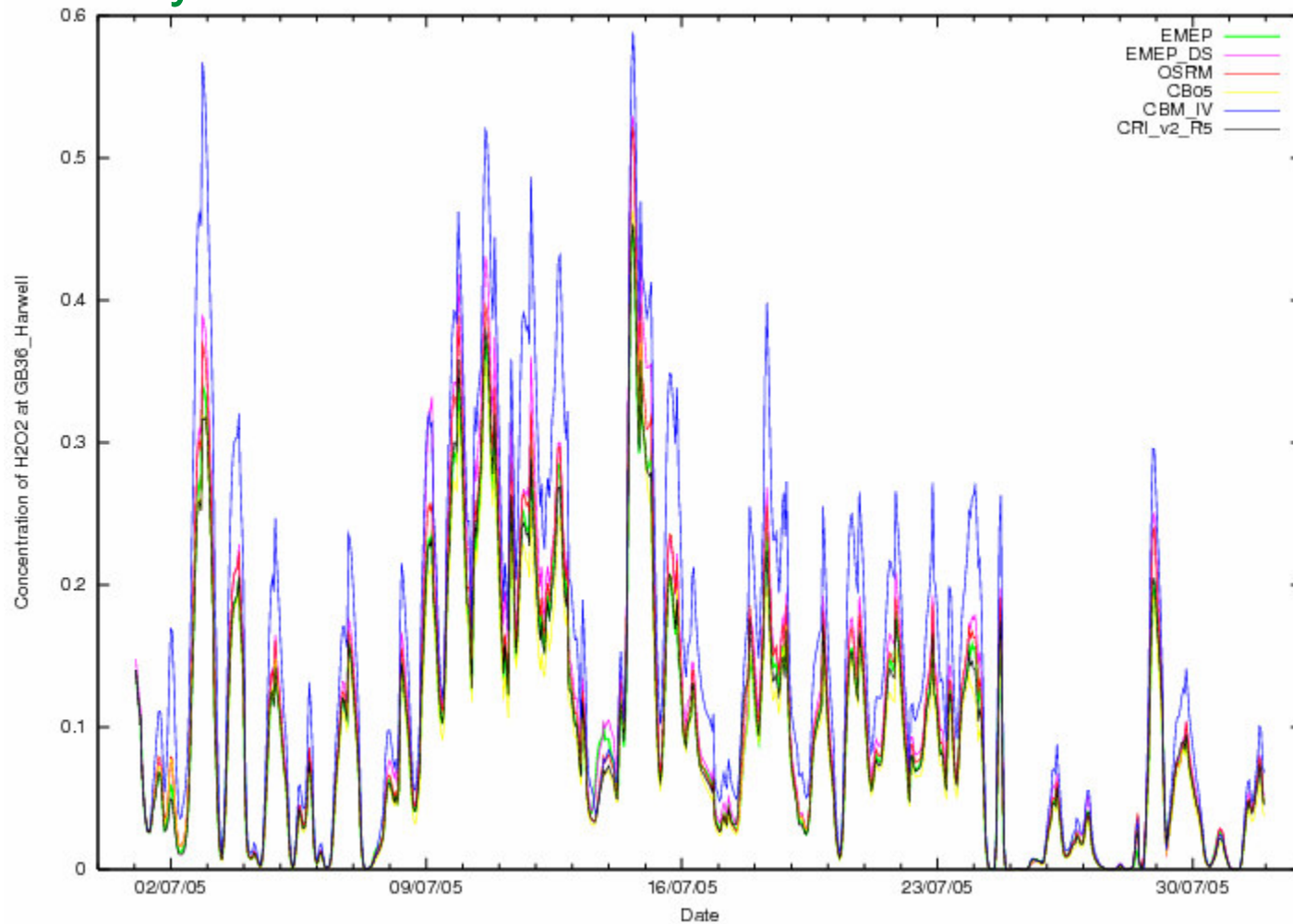
EMEP Model: Harwell, July 2005, HNO₃

Preliminary Results



EMEP Model: Harwell, July 2005, H₂O₂

Preliminary Results



Related Activities

- CB06 under development - reactivity between CBM-IV and CB05
- CRI v2 (-R5) introduced into WRF/CMAQ (?)
- Mechanism intercomparison planned by Dick Derwent

Summary

- Comparison of 7 Photochemical Mechanisms undertaken
- Generally give similar O₃ concentrations. Greater differences for other species, which has implications for PM
- Similar trends in reactivity in the two modelling systems
- CB05 and OSRM closest to MCM/CRI
- Further comparison in progress using EMEP unified model
- Paper in preparation